Graduation of least developed countries - Recent developments -

LDC Sub-Committee, WTO Geneva, 30 October 2018

- Background the Committee for Development Policy
- Overview of the LDC graduation criteria and process
- Recent developments

Support to graduating LDCs

Committee for Development Policy

Principal Organs of the United Nations

Advisory body of ECOSOC. 24 experts in their personal capacity.

General Assembly

Security Council



Economic and Social Council

Committee for Development Policy (Advisory body)

Secretariat

Department of Economic and Social Affairs

CDP Secretariat

International Court of Justice

Trusteeship Council

On LDCs:

Periodically reviews the list of LDCs (Triennial reviews since 1991)

Developed and refines the criteria and procedures (Multi-year work programme, 2017-2020)

Monitors graduating and graduated LDCs

New work programme on support for graduation

Graduation process – standard timeline

Year 0

Eligibility

determined for the first time at triennial review by CDP.

Years 0-3

UNDESA prepares impact assessment and UNCTAD prepares vulnerability profile.

Government and partners consulted.

Year 3

Second review, recommendation to ECOSOC, endorsement, action by General Assembly.

Years 3-6

Transition strategy, monitoring, annual reports to ECOSOC.

Year 6

Graduation becomes effective.

Asymmetry between inclusion and graduation. Binary nature of category vs. complex development pathways.

Graduation processes so far



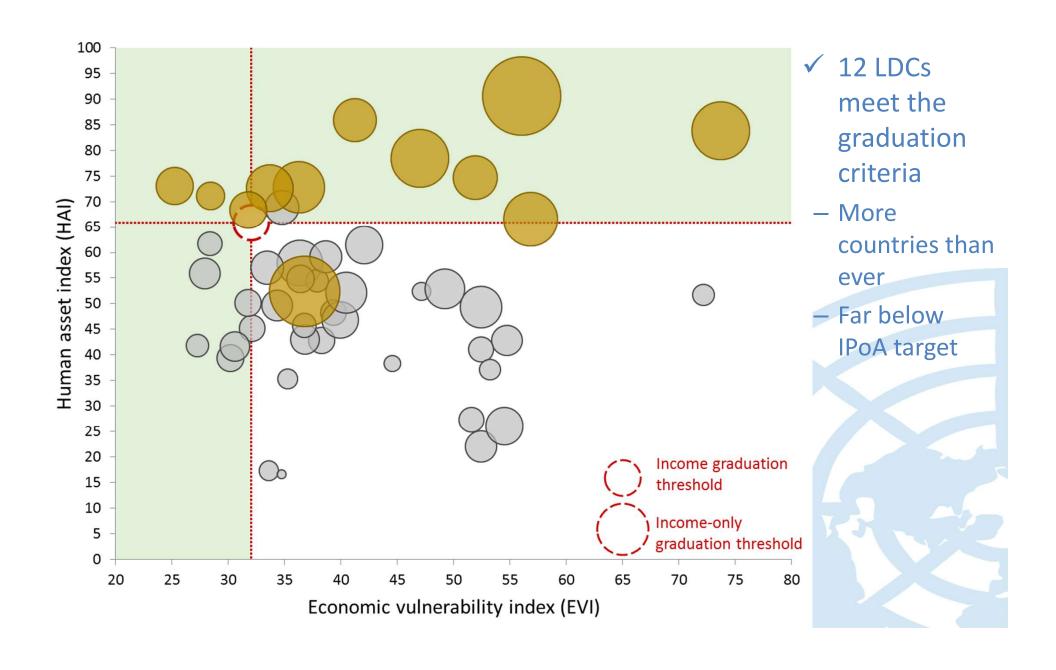
[✓] Recommended by CDP

Other countries in the pipeline:

Bhutan, Sao Tome and Principe, Solomon Islands, Nepal, Timor-Leste, Bangladesh, Lao PDR, Myanmar

^{*} In 2018 ECOSOC deferred the consideration of the recommendation "to no later than 2021". Extreme vulnerability.

2018 Triennial review results- overview



Graduation pipeline - overview

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Tuvalu	(In pipeline since 2006)			ECOSOC deferred the consideration of the						ECOSOC
Kiribati	(In pipeline since 2012)			recommendation "to no later than 2021".						ECOSOC
Bhutan	CDP first finding: Income and HAI			CDP√: Income and HAI ECOSOC					?	Pending
Sao Tome and Principe	CDP first finding: income and HAI			CDP√: Income and HAI ECOSOC						decision by General
Solomon Islands	CDP first finding: income and HAI			CDP√: Income and HAI ECOSOC			?			Assembly
Nepal	CDP first finding: HAI and EVI			CDP: HAI and EVI Deferred – political and constitutional changes			iew			
Timor-Leste	CDP first finding: income only			CDP deferred: income-only met and HAI marginally, but concern on sustainability of income			Triennial review			Earliest
Bangladesh				CDP first finding: 3 criteria			N			date of graduation
Lao PDR				CDP first finding: income and HAI						
Myanmar				CDP first finding: 3 criteria			CDP			

Support to graduating LDCs

- "Smooth transition" in General Assembly resolutions
- 2018: CDP work programme on support to countries through graduation and beyond
- Inter-Agency Task Force
- Areas:
 - More on smooth transition (phasing out, avoid abrupt disruptions)
 - Improved support for preparation for graduation and transition, early impact assessment
 - More effective <u>UN system engagement</u> for smooth transition
 - Improved and more effective (and less burdensome) monitoring of the transition process
 - Category for extremely vulnerable countries (rejected)
 - Support:
 - To access available instruments and funding, including climate funds
 - To face challenges in transitioning to a new stage in development: capacity to negotiate trade deals, improve business environment/attract FDI, comply with WTO agreements after the loss of LDC exemptions, prepare industry for change in terms of market access
 - Pledging conference
- Gradjet



www.gradjet.org



Search



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Graduation eligibility criteria

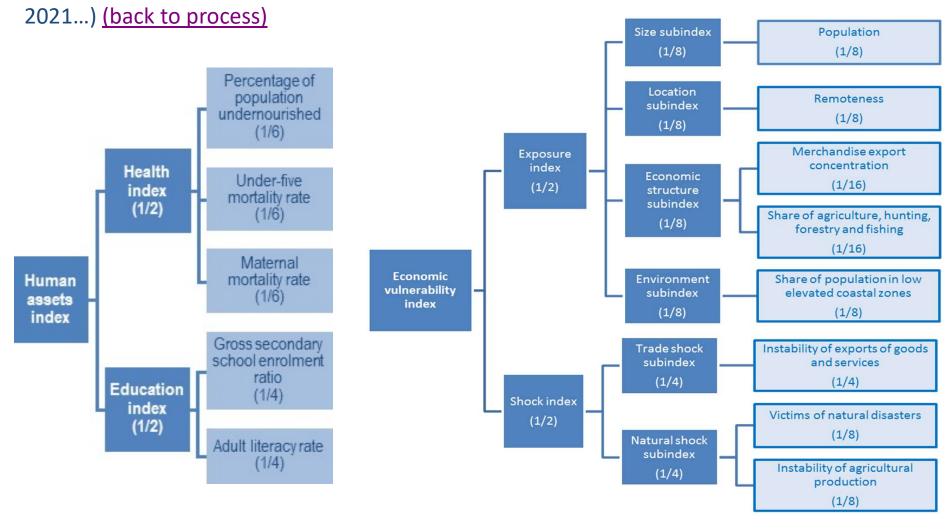
2 out of 3 of: GNI per capita > 1.2x the 3-year average of WB low-income threshold (\$1,230)

Human Assets Index > 66

Economic Vulnerability Index < 32

OR 2x GNI per capita threshold

At two consecutive "Triennial Reviews" of the Committee for Development Policy (2015, 2018,



Entities working with LDCs and graduation

CDP and CDP Secretariat
(UNDESA) (criteria,
inclusion, graduation,
impact assessment,
monitoring, smooth
transition, capacity
building)

WTO secretariat
LDC Office (WTO-related issues and support to WTO sub-committee)
EIF (Aid for Trade, DTIS)

Office of the High
Representative for LDCs,
LLDCs and SIDS
(advocacy, mobilization
of support, coordination,
IPOA follow-up)

ITC (trade information, capacity building)

UNCDF (last mile financing)

Regional commissions

UNCTAD

(analysis/policy, capacity building, LDC report, vulnerability profiles)

unct: UN programmes and agencies, IFIs

UNFCCC Secretariat (LDC Expert Group, work prog for LDCs)

GEF (LDC Fund)

Other partners – OECD, ...

Country level

Inter-agency task force on graduation (headquarters)

(back to Support)